Southeast Sustainable Salmon Fund Final Report for Approved Projects

Project Number: 45225

Project Title: Kuskokwim, Yukon and Kotzebue Data Rescue, Correction and

Standardization

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Abstract: Age, sex, and length data have been collected from salmon in the Yukon

Area since 1960, in the Kuskokwim Area since 1961 and in the Kotzebue Area since 1962. However, no formal archiving system was established for the Arctic Yukon Kuskokwim (AYK) Region and much of these electronic data have been lost. An overall goal for AYK Region is to provide managers, researchers and public entities involved in salmon fisheries in AYK a system to enter and process new data as well as retrieve historic data. This goal will be achieved through a series of projects from various funding sources. Projects will have complementary objectives and focus on tasks pertinent to the funding agency (Figures 1 and 2). The main objective of this project was to aggregate, error-check, and correct historic chinook, coho, sockeye, and pink salmon age, sex, length (ASL) data from the Yukon, Kuskokwim, and Kotzebue areas. Standardizing data formats for inclusion into a centralized database was a secondary objective. project goal is to incorporate all salmon ASL data collected in the AYK Region over the past forty years into the region's database management system, under development. The main accomplishment of this project was loading, validating and correcting 508 ASL data files representing 219,616 salmon into databases. The majority of these were chinook and coho salmon from the Yukon and Kuskokwim areas. Technicians keyed an additional 143 handwritten Yukon ASL files representing 30,711 chinook salmon into databases. Aggregation and correction efforts for data relevant to this project were brought to 81% completion.

Approach:

Age, sex, and length (ASL) data are collected annually from salmon sampled from commercial harvests and escapement, run timing and abundance monitoring projects in the AYK Region. Scales are collected from salmon at these projects primarily to determine the age of fish, but may also be examined for growth patterns. Salmon length is generally represented by a measurement in millimeters from mid-eye to fork of tail. Sex of the salmon are determined from either external characteristics or internal inspection of reproductive products.

We defined an individual ASL data file to be a unique data set for a particular species, year, gear, project, and location combination since this is how the data are collected and scales and/or data forms are filed in the Anchorage scale archives. Usually an escapement project has one file per species per year, but changes in gear during the season can increase this number. Also, chinook, coho, sockeye, and pink salmon data from the Yukon, Kuskokwim, and Kotzebue areas will be referred to as focus group data in this report.

A research analyst loaded previously recovered text data files for the focus group into Access databases using a parsing and data loading program (developed under United States Fish & Wildlife Service Office of Subsistence Management funding). Data from different areas were loaded into separate databases to facilitate editing and error-checking; handentered data and data found in electronic format were also kept in separate databases to address errors introduced during the data entry process.

The file cabinets in the region's scale archives were searched for paper copies of missing data not recovered during previous ASL data-related projects. These paper copies include handwritten forms (used from 1960 - 1983) and OpScan mark-sense forms (1984 - present). Older mark-sense forms (read by OPSCAN 90/20 scanners) cannot currently be recovered because these outdated OPSCAN readers cannot be properly calibrated. Handwritten files were recovered by manually entering these data using an Access data entry form created during a previous project. Duplicate copies of the data were removed from many of the files. An ADF&G technician and a data entry company (Motznik Information Services) keyed data from handwritten forms into an Access database.

Numerous error-checking protocols were developed to validate the data. Header records, which identify the sample, had to be carefully checked before loading data into the database. Many files had missing or incorrect location, project, gear, and date information, all of which are crucial to identifying where, when, how the data were collected. Database queries

that identify length and age data outside of realistic ranges, files with more than one location, project, or species code, and duplicate header or fish data were also written for post-loading data validation.

Programmers working on the project drafted a database structure to optimize data storage efficiency and compatibility with other data sets. Age data from 1960 – 1982 were converted from older Gilbert-Rich age notation to the now-standard European format (Gilbert and Rich 1927, and Conseil Permanent International Pour l'Exploration de al Mer, Copenhague, 1934). A query to generate a dynamic inventory of data in the ASL database was also created. The query builds a table describing the number of individual fish samples by species, year, district, and subdistrict.

Results/Findings:

The main accomplishment of this project was the addition of 651 ASL data files representing 250,327 sampled salmon into AYK databases. A total of 508 electronic ASL data files representing 219,616 sampled salmon were validated, corrected, and loaded into databases. A department technician keyed 143 handwritten Yukon files representing 30,711 chinook salmon. Motznik Information Services is currently keying an additional 83 handwritten files consisting mostly of Yukon chinook and coho samples. Ten files were too irregular for third party data entry and will be entered by project staff.

The majority of the ASL samples were from chinook and coho salmon from the Yukon and Kuskokwim areas (Table 1) Data recovered during this project are summarized by species and area in Table 1. The "Total % Files Loaded or Entered in Database" row indicates what percent of the total files for each area have been loaded or entered into a database. "Total % Files Inventoried in Electronic Format" indicated what percent of the total files for each area have been located electronically as text files. Almost all ASL data files located electronically have now been loaded.

A final ASL database structure was developed and the multiple ASL databases in various formats were converted and combined into the new configuration. All age data were successfully converted to the modern age notation. Data have not yet been released to the public because a thorough managerial review is needed to ensure its validity.

Evaluation:

Data aggregation and correction efforts were successful, bringing the focus group to 81% completion (Table 1). However, some files had grossly incomplete or inconsistent header data and will have to be checked against hardcopy forms. Also, a small amount of recent data is in Excel spreadsheets, and must be manually converted to standard text format

before it can be added to the database. We still have not decided how to recover the data from the obsolete mark-sense forms.

The secondary objective of standardizing data formats for database inclusion was also largely successful. Previous ASL database structures were altered and combined. The conversion of age data also allows for the meaningful combination of ASL data from before and after 1982.

Data are not yet available to the public because biologists and fisheries managers have not yet performed a through, critical review. Also, a versatile interface to allow public entities to make meaningful data queries still needs to be developed. Data will be released once the needs of a suitable data review and interface have been addressed.

As stated in our proposal this project's funding was to enable us to efficiently organize and correct data that were not covered by other funding (Hamner et al. 2003a, 2003b, and Hamner et al. 2004); particularly rescanning and keying ASL data. In this we have been successful. Funding from other projects will allow us to continue development of a database management system (Figures 1 and 2) which will include ASL as well as other data types accessible through the internet (Hamner et al. 2003).

Project Products:

Inventories of ASL data in our database by area, project, year, and species are included as Appendices A through D. Figure 2 shows this project's objectives in the larger scheme of the AYK database development Project.

Key Words:

Kuskokwim, Kotzebue, Norton Sound, Yukon, Port Clarence, chinook salmon, sockeye salmon, coho salmon, *Oncorhynchus spp*, salmon age, sex and size, Bering Sea, fisheries management, fisheries database, western Alaska, Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim Region, AYK Region

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Table 1. Number of salmon loaded during this project by species and area and total project progress.

Species

			Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	TOTAL
		# of Fish Loaded or Entered into Database During This Project	41,732	27,848	107	3	69,690
	Yukon	Total % Files Loaded or Entered in Database	79%	64%	62%	0%	77%
		Total % Files Inventoried in Electronic format	80%	68%	77%	100%	78%
	im	# of Fish Loaded or Entered into Database During This Project	72,430	56,196	51,833	39	180,498
	Kuskokwim	Total % Files Loaded or Entered in Database	90%	92%	89%	18%	89%
 	Ku	Total % Files Inventoried in Electronic format	91%	92%	90%	18%	90%
Ì	ıe	# of Fish Loaded or Entered into Database During This Project	43	1	5	90	139
	Kotzebue	Total % Files Loaded or Entered in Database	80%	25%	75%	50%	60%
	K	Total % Files Inventoried in Electronic format	80%	25%	75%	50%	60%
	Ĺ	# of Fish Loaded or Entered into Database During This Project	114,205	84,045	51,945	132	250,327
	TOTAL	Total % Files Loaded or Entered in Database	82%	76%	87%	21%	81%
	T	Total % Files Inventoried in Electronic format	83%	79%	83%	83%	82%

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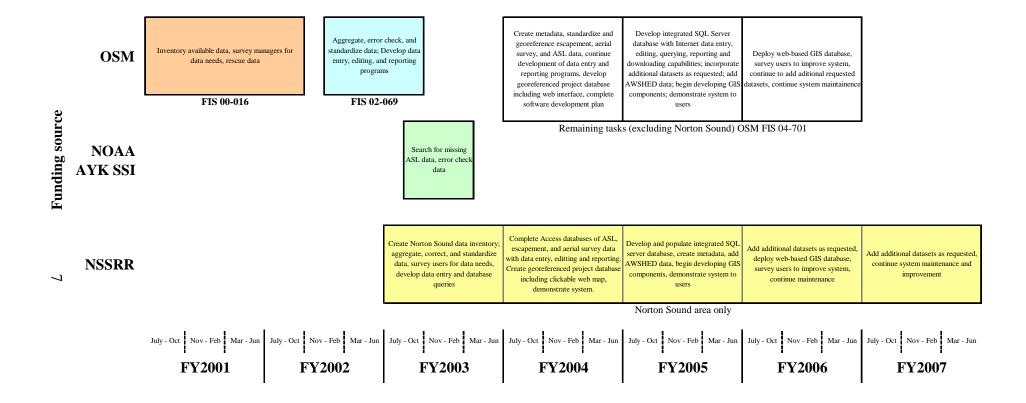
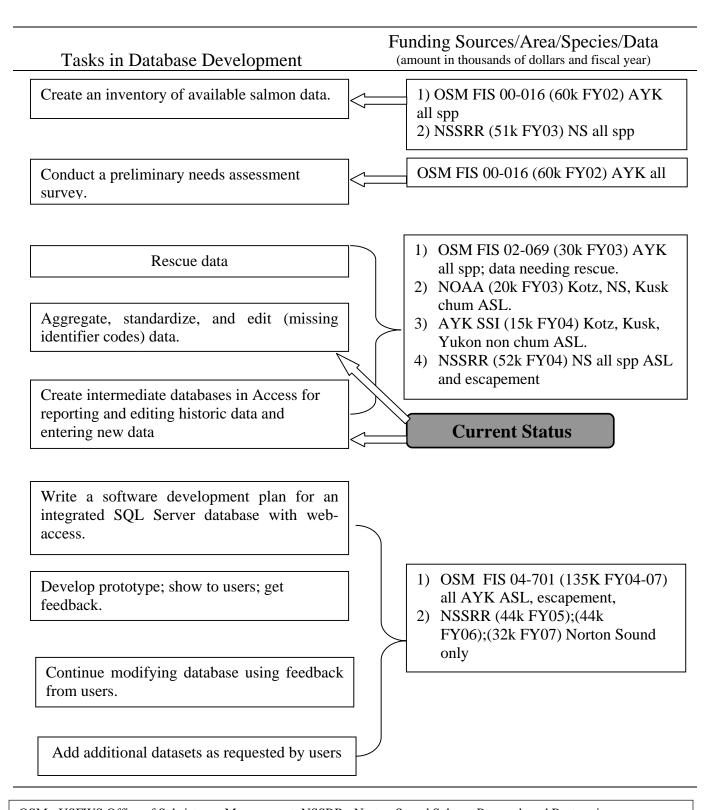


Figure 1. Project timeline for development of the AYK database management system. (OSM= USFWS Office of Subsistence Management; AYK SSI= AYK Sustainable Salmon Initiative, NOAA=National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, NSSRR= Norton Sound Salmon Research and Restoration, FY is state fiscal year)



OSM= USFWS Office of Subsistence Management; NSSRR= Norton Sound Salmon Research and Restoration; AYK SSI= AYK Sustainable Salmon Initiative; NS=Norton Sound; Kotz=Kotzebue; Kusk= Kuskokwim; ASL= age, sex and length data; FY is state fiscal year and funding is in thousands of dollars (k).

Figure 3. Tasks for development of the AYK database management system including funding sources, amounts by fiscal year, and area. Not included are state general fund support of an Analyst/programmer IV, Analyst/programmer III, and a Research Analyst I (\$150k annually).

Appendix A. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for all AYK Region. Page 1 of 5.

Project						
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Tota
	2003	2,840	530			3,370
	2002	2,993				2,99
	2001	105				10
	2000	1,320	150			1,47
	1999	5,667	650	1,029		7,34
	1998	5,377	1,469	2,260		9,10
	1997	6,060	2,664	2,170		10,89
	1996	6,120	2,725	1,697		10,54
	1995	5,452	1,691	1,483		8,62
	1994	5,026	2,268	830		8,12
	1993	5,161	1,310	830		7,30
	1992	6,090	2,408	1,737		10,23
	1991	5,758	2,554	1,578		9,89
	1990	5,403	2,157	1,586		9,14
	1989	5,124	3,165	1,647		9,93
	1988	7,392	3,738	2,249		13,37
	1987	1,656	1,919	1,375		4,95
	1986	6,668	2,453	1,191		10,31
	1985	7,521	2,701	1,910		12,13
ų,	1984	6,234	3,337	1,563		11,13
∑ate	1983	7,642	2,096	1,568		11,30
Commercial Catch	1982	4,446	905	575		5,92
erci	1981	6,262	1,079	812		8,15
Ŭ	1980	3,216	999	277		4,49
Çon	1979	2,396		30		2,42
<u> </u>	1978	2,194	1,141	200	90	3,62
	1977	2,730	1,089	453	70	4,27
	1976	1,914	630	270		2,81
	1975	1,896	445	285		2,62
	1973	2,766	899	747	1	4,41
	1973	2,780	211	747	1	2,99
	1973	1,848	137	56		2,99
		2,111		30		
	1971		310	241		2,42
	1970	539	00	241		78
	1969	1,657	80	643		2,38
	1968	2,418	213	190	1	2,82
	1967	1,981	370	22		2,37
	1966	537	189			72
	1965	472	60	119		65
	1964	887		480		1,36
	1963		25			2
	1962					
	1961		61			6
	Total	148,659	48,828	32,103	92	229,68

Appendix A. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for all AYK Region. Page 2 of 5.

Project						
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Total
	2003	1,084				1,084
	2002	705	60			765
	2001	1,348				1,348
	2000	795	35			830
	1999	1,160				1,160
	1998	492	221			713
	1997	1,738	391			2,129
	1996	1,415	653			2,068
	1995	2,069	381			2,450
	1994	1,732	384			2,116
	1993	1,737	299			2,036
	1992	1,928	290			2,218
	1991	1,973				1,973
	1990	4,187				4,187
ds)	1989	2,358	261	101		2,720
unc	1988	3,195		9		3,204
gr	1987	415	247	462		1,124
ing	1986	397	300			697
ıwı	1985	2,990		29		3,019
spē	1984	3,242	343	434		4,019
nt (1983	1,626		20		1,646
me	1982	1,687		1		1,688
аре	1981	3,964	458			4,422
Escapement (spawning grounds)	1980	872				872
	1979	471				471
	1978	200				200
	1977	116				116
	1976	168				168
	1975	298				298
	1974	4				4
	1973	136				136
	1972	604				604
	1970	200				200
	1968	109				109
	1967	83		10		93
	1965					0
	1963			8		8
	Total	45,498	4,323	1,074	0	50,895

Appendix A. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for all AYK Region. Page 3 of 5.

Project						
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Total
	2003	3,212	718	9		3,939
	2002	2,031	301			2,332
	2001	2,481	330			2,811
	2000	1,493	514			2,007
	1999	1,444	1,904	921		4,269
	1998	1,396	1,354	634		3,384
	1997	2,220	1,201	1,741		5,162
	1996	1,869	1,265	289		3,423
	1995	1,507	1,439	738		3,684
	1994	1,586	863	377	35	2,861
	1993	1,026	930	876		2,832
	1992	1,811	696	1,076		3,583
Escapement (tower, weir, sonar, etc.)	1991	1,052	1,628	544		3,224
ï, e	1990	1,364	247	330		1,941
ons	1989	303	69	149		521
ır, s	1988	956	1,210	979		3,145
We	1987	534	682	933		2,149
er,	1986	935	372	489		1,796
MO1	1985	1,325	890	786	2	3,003
)† (1	1984	1,690	1,367	1,018		4,075
meı	1983	700	1,049	117		1,866
ıpeı	1982	568	171	6		745
3sc:	1981	1,106	473	53		1,632
Н	1980	40	27	25		92
	1979	450		545		995
	1978	611		269		880
	1977	118				118
	1976	461		175		636
	1975	27				27
	1973					0
	1972	4				4
	1971	23				23
	1968			2		2
	1964					0
	Total	34,343	19,700	13,081	37	67,161

Appendix A. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for all AYK Region. Page 4 of 5.

Project						
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Total
	2000					0
Sport Catch (freshwater)	1997		10			10
hwa	1996	35	233			268
res	1995		102			102
р (1	1988					0
atc	1985	24				24
T O	1984	5				5
[od	1963		6			6
<i>O</i> ₁	Total	64	351	0	0	415
ch (1998	56				56
Cat	1983	61				61
Sport Catch (marine)	1980	1				1
Spc (r	Total	118	0	0	0	118
	2003	1,046		20		1,066
	2002	944	151			1,095
	2001	1,370	22			1,392
	2000	149				149
	1999	418				418
	1998	146				146
	1997		1			1
	1996	5	-			5
	1995	650	40	1		691
	1994	304				304
	1993	717				717
	1992	278	51			329
_	1991	83	15			98
atch	1990	40				40
ű	1989	346	107			453
nce	1988	995	88	30		1,113
Subsistence Catch	1987	466		43		509
nbs	1986	1,160		-		1,160
$\bar{\mathbf{\Sigma}}$	1985	263				263
	1984	440				440
	1983	67	5			72
	1982	110	203			313
	1980			314		314
	1979	173		-		173
	1978	154				154
	1977	247				247
	1976	83				83
	1975	59				59
	1968					0
	1964					0
	Total	10,713	683	408	0	11,804

Appendix A. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for all AYK Region. Page 5 of 5.

Project						
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Total
	2003	1,955	573			2,528
	2002	3,427	512	9		3,948
	2001	2,508	775			3,283
	2000	3,061	929			3,990
	1999	2,252	611	3		2,866
	1998	2,104	895			2,999
	1997	2,703	741			3,444
	1996	1,841	1,321			3,162
	1995	728	869	954		2,551
	1994	2,641	3,064	961		6,666
	1993	2,417	767			3,184
	1992	445	1,179			1,624
	1991	604	424	2		1,030
	1990	695	916			1,611
	1989	592	613	7		1,212
	1988	440	793	2		1,235
	1987	800	712	3		1,515
ac	1986	62	215			277
Test Fishing	1985	688	1,514			2,202
Fis	1984	670	1,518	1		2,189
est	1983	1,149	1,030	12		2,191
T	1982	736	343			1,079
	1981	805	103	870	1	1,779
	1980	930	301	669		1,900
	1979	467		1		468
	1978	1,114		211		1,325
	1977	222		108		330
	1976	1,193		200		1,393
	1975	840	1	143		984
	1974	195	248	297		740
	1973	659		29		688
	1972	640		7		647
	1971	314		41		355
	1970	104				104
	1969	1,654				1,654
	1968	154				154
	1967	165		43		208
	1966	5				5
	Total	41,979	20,967	4,573	1	67,520
jects	[otal					
All Projects	Grand Total	281,374	94,852	51,239	130	427,595

Appendix B. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Yukon Area. Page 1 of 5.

Project					
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Total
	2003	2840	530		3,370
	2002	2993			2,993
	2000	1200			1,200
	1999	4477	40		4,517
	1998	3469			3,469
	1997	4649	626		5,275
	1996	4930	668		5,598
	1995	4556	811		5,367
	1994	4291			4,291
	1993	4668			4,668
	1992	4435	170		4,605
	1991	4130	350	2	4,482
	1990	4055	407		4,462
	1989	3846	841		4,687
	1988	5028	1115		6,143
ch	1986	5040	607		5,647
Cat	1985	4804	600		5,404
Commercial Catch	1984	3842	694		4,536
ierc	1983	3336	148		3,484
mm	1982	3017	322	2	3,341
Ŝ	1981	3791			3,791
	1980	1794			1,794
	1979	1663			1,663
	1978	1426			1,426
	1977	1125			1,125
	1976	1533			1,533
	1975	1349			1,349
	1974	1389			1,389
	1973	1642			1,642
	1972	821			821
	1971	1095			1,095
	1970	97			97
	1969	1349			1,349
	1968	1520			1,520
	1967	914			914
	Total	101,114	7,929	4	109,047

Appendix B. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Yukon Area. Page 2 of 5.

Project					
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Total
	2003	1084			1,084
	2002	705	60		765
	2001	1348			1,348
	2000	795	35		830
	1999	1160			1,160
	1998	492	221		713
	1997	1738	391		2,129
	1996	1415	400		1,815
	1995	2069	381		2,450
	1994	1732	384		2,116
	1993	1737	299		2,036
	1992	1928	290		2,218
_	1991	1973			1,973
(spi	1990	4187			4,187
ont	1989	1955	196		2,151
g	1988	3093		9	3,102
ing	1987		247		247
Escapement (spawning grounds)	1986	216	300		516
(sb	1985	2322			2,322
snt	1984	2499	304	40	2,843
eme	1983	762			762
cap	1982	1687		1	1,688
Esc	1981	3954			3,954
	1980	872			872
	1979	471			471
	1978	200			200
	1977	116			116
	1976	168			168
	1975	298			298
	1974	4			4
	1973	125			125
	1972	604			604
	1970	200			200
	1968	109			109
	1967	83			83
	Total	42,101	3,508	50	45,659

Appendix B. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Yukon Area. Page 3 of 5.

Project					
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Total
	2003	3212	718	9	3,939
	2002	2031	301		2,332
	2001	2481	320		2,801
	2000	1493	514		2,007
	1999	1018	253		1,271
Escapement (tower, weir, sonar, etc.)	1998	1194	303	4	1,501
	1997	1229	617		1,846
	1996	984	358		1,342
, so	1995	811	480		1,291
⁄eir	1994	505			505
r, v	1991	17			17
we	1990	955			955
; (t c	1989	13			13
ent	1988	12	266		278
эеп	1986	167			167
scal	1985	38			38
Щ	1984	136			136
	1983	199			199
	1982	1			1
	1977	118			118
	1976	52			52
	Total	16,666	4,130	13	20,809
ch (1998	56			56
Sport Catch (marine)	1983	61			61
ort	1980	1			1
Sp_{1}	Total	118	0	0	118

Appendix B. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Yukon Area. Page 4 of 5.

Project					
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Total
	2003	1046		20	1,066
	2002	944	151		1,095
	2001	1370	22		1,392
	2000	149			149
	1999	418			418
	1998	146			146
	1995	41		1	42
	1994	114			114
	1993	137			137
_c	1992	78	11		89
Subsistence Catch	1991	48	12		60
e C	1990	40			40
enc	1989	346	67		413
sist	1988	994	88		1,082
qne	1986	892			892
0 1	1985	263			263
	1984	371			371
	1983	67	5		72
	1982	110	203		313
	1979	173			173
	1978	154			154
	1977	247			247
	1976	83			83
	1975	44			44
	Total	8,275	559	21	8,855

Appendix B. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Yukon Area. Page 5 of 5.

Project					
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Total
	2003	1955	573		2,528
	2002	3427	512	9	3,948
	2001	2434	775		3,209
	2000	3016	747		3,763
	1999	2196	500	3	2,699
	1998	2021	769		2,790
	1997	2584	565		3,149
	1996	1702	1110		2,812
	1995	577	599		1,176
	1994	2095	972		3,067
	1993	2216	625		2,841
	1992	420	904		1,324
	1991	570	245		815
	1990	652	652		1,304
	1989	549	436		985
	1988	425	628		1,053
	1987	759	578		1,337
bū	1986	13	73		86
Test Fishing	1985	520	1328		1,848
Fis	1984	569	1260		1,829
est	1983	805	698	4	1,507
Τ	1982	502			502
	1981	573			573
	1980	190			190
	1979	157			157
	1978	290			290
	1977	222			222
	1976	137			137
	1975	164			164
	1974	193			193
	1973	659			659
	1972	640			640
	1971	314			314
	1970	104			104
	1969	804			804
	1968	141			141
	1967	165			165
	1966	5			5
	Total	34,765	14,549	16	49,330
All Projects	Grand Total	203,039	30,675	104	233,818

Appendix C. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Kuskokwim Area. Page 1 of 3.

Project						_
Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Tota
	1999	1033	410	1029		2,47
	1998	1620	1309	2260		5,189
	1997	1246	1878	2170		5,29
	1996	1035	1877	1697		4,609
	1995	626	680	1483		2,789
	1994	430	1968	830		3,22
	1993	334	1150	830		2,314
	1992	1626	2038	1737		5,40
	1991	1348	2044	1576		4,968
	1990	1048	1410	1586		4,04
	1989	1112	2144	1647		4,903
	1988	1879	2322	2249		6,450
	1987	1450	1463	1375		4,288
	1986	1112	1526	1191		3,829
	1985	1888	1766	1910		5,564
	1984	1861	2343	1563		5,76
ch	1983	3663	1647	1568		6,87
Cat	1982	1311	579	573		2,46
ial	1981	2349	1079	812		4,24
ierc	1980	1174	780	277		2,23
Commercial Catch	1979	733		30		76.
C_{OI}	1978	768	1141	200		2,10
	1977	1605	1089	453		3,14
	1976	381	630	270		1,28
	1975	542	445	285		1,27
	1974	1377	899	747	1	3,02
	1973	1138	211			1,349
	1972	1027	137	56		1,220
	1971	1016	310			1,320
	1970	442		241		68.
	1969	308	80	614		1,002
	1968	898	213	190	1	1,302
	1967	1067	370	22		1,459
	1966	537	189			720
	1965	472	60	119		65
	1964	887		480		1,36
	1961		61			61
	Total	41,343	36,248	32,070	2	109,663

Appendix C. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Kuskokwim Area. Page 2 of 3.

Project Type	3 7	Chinash	Cala	Carlana	D:l-	Т-4-1
Турс	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Total
Escapement (spawning grounds)	1989	403	65	101		569
	1988	102				102
	1987	415		462		877
g gu	1986	181				181
×ni	1985	663		29		692
pav	1984	676	39	391		1,106
ıt (s	1983	807		20		827
nen	1981		458			458
ıbeı	1973	11				11
sca	1967			10		10
Щ	Total	3,258	562	1,013	0	4,833
	1999	426	1651	921		2,998
	1998	202	1051	630		1,883
ar, etc.)	1997	991	584	1741		3,316
	1996	885	907	289		2,081
	1995	690	958	738		2,386
	1994	1080	863	377	35	2,355
	1993	1026	930	876		2,832
	1992	1811	696	1076		3,583
	1991	1035	1387	544		2,966
	1990	409	188	330		927
	1989	290	40	149		479
son	1988	944	944	979		2,867
, weir,	1987	534	682	933		2,149
	1986	768	372	489		1,629
wer	1985	1287	890	786	2	2,965
Escapement (tower, weir, sonar, etc.)	1984	1553	1367	1018		3,938
	1983	501	1049	117		1,667
	1982	567	171	6		744
	1981	1106	473	53		1,632
	1980	40	27	25		92
	1979	450				450
	1978	611		269		880
	1976	409		175		584
	1975	27				27
	1972	4				4
	1971	23				23
	1968			2		2
-	Total	17,669	15,230	12,523	37	45,459

Appendix C. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Kuskokwim Area. Page 3 of 3.

Pink	Coalvava	Coho	Chinook	Year	Project Type
FIIIK	Sockeye	Cono	CIIIIOOK	1 ear	<u> </u>
			25	1006	Sport Catch (freshwater)
			35	1996	
0	0	0	24 59	1985 Total	ort esh
U	U	U	39	Total	Sp (fre
			61	1983	Sport Catch (marine)
0	0	0	61	Total	
· ·	v		01	10141	
		40	609	1995	
			190	1994	
			574	1993	
		40	200	1992	atcl
			30	1991	Ü
		40		1989	Subsistence Catch
	30			1988	iste
	43		465	1987	sqn
			251	1986	N
	314			1980	
0	387	120	2,319	Total	
	954	165	66	1995	
	961	1883	511	1994	
	<i>7</i> 01	1003	111	1993	
			305	1983	
			195	1982	
	870		190	1981	
	669	301	740	1980	
	009	301	310	1979	
	211		823	1979	ర్గా
	108		623	1978	hin
	200		1056	1976	Test Fishing
		1	1056 676	1975	
	143 297	248	2	1973	
	29	240	2	1974	
	29 7			1973	
	41				
	41		950	1971	
			850 13	1969 1968	
	43		13	1968 1967	
0	4,533	2,598	5,848	Total	
39	50,526	54,758	70,557	nd Total	Projects
	4,533				All Projects

Appendix D. Number of salmon in ASL database by project, year, and species, for Kotzebue. Page 1 of 1.

Project Type	Year	Chinook	Coho	Sockeye	Pink	Total
Commercial Catch	1988 1984 1978 Total	29 29	1	0	90 90	1 29 90 120
Escapement (spawning grounds)	1984 1981 Total	10 10	0	3	0	3 10 13
Escapement (tower, weir, sonar, etc.)	1984 Total	1 1	0	0	0	1 1
Test Fishing	1984 1979 1978 Total	2 1 3	0	1 1 2	0	3 1 1 5
All Projects	Grand Total	43	1	5	90	139